## Black Hills Energy Ready 2023 Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB) Mapping Report

Торіс	SASB Code	Accounting Metric	Response
Greenhouse Gas Emissions & Energy Resource Planning	IF-EU-110a.1	<ol> <li>(1) Gross global Scope 1 emissions, percentage covered under</li> <li>(2) emissions-limiting regulations, and</li> <li>(3) emissions-reporting regulations.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>See EEI Disclosure</li> <li>(1) 4,100,289 MT. Scope 1 emissions for Power Generators and SF6 only, see EEI Disclosure.</li> <li>(2) 4.35%</li> <li>(3) 99.8%. SF6 emissions are part of our electric utilities and are being reported under this framework (Electric Utilities and Power Conceptors)</li> </ul>
	IF-EU-110a.2	Greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions associated with power deliveries:	See EEI Disclosure
	IF-EU-110a.3	Discussion of long-term and short-term strategy or plan to manage Scope 1 emissions, emissions reduction targets, and an analysis of performance against those targets	See page 11 of our Corporate Sustainability Report We are excited to announce significant advancements in our decarbonization journey. We have continued to achieve progress toward our goal to reduce electric utility emission intensity 40% by 2030 and 70% by 2040 and have expanded our natural gas utility goal to be net zero for our distribution system by 2035.
			We are transitioning to a cleaner energy future through the addition of low or zero-carbon generation sources, and fossil fuel plant retirements or conversions. Our preferred resource plan in Colorado plans to add 400 MW of renewable energy and battery storage by 2030. We will be positioned to achieve our greenhouse gas (GHG) reduction goals, without reliance on future technologies, through the conversion of Neil Simpson II coal plant to include natural gas as a dual fuel unit, conversion or retirement of our remaining coal and diesel power plants and added renewable energy resources and storage.
			In addition to company owned and operated renewable energy sources, we leverage power purchase agreements (PPA) to meet customers' needs and help achieve our GHG reduction goals. Our first large-scale solar PPA, Fall River Solar, was brought online in 2023. The energy from this 80 MW project located near Oelrichs, South Dakota will be used to serve Black Hills Energy customers throughout western South Dakota and eastern Wyoming. Our total renewable portfolio of owned and contracted renewable energy represents 33% of our generation capacity and helps to achieve our GHG reduction goals and serve our customers' needs.
			Natural gas is a critical source of energy and it will play a vital role in the energy transition, reducing our country's greenhouse gas emissions. Our natural gas utilities serve more than 1.1 million customers in six states. We operate a gas system above industry standards, investing in quality materials with low emission rates. Cast iron pipe has not been present in our system since 2014, and 99% of our infrastructure is comprised of protected steel or plastic. These investments, with a focus on system integrity, damage prevention and measurement improvement, have positioned us to achieve our net zero emissions target for our natural gas distribution system by 2035.
Air Quality	IF-EU-120a.1	Air emissions of the following pollutants: (1) NOx (excluding N2O), (2) Sox, (3) Particulate matter (PM10), (4) Lead (Pb), and	See EEI Disclosure for additional notes on inclusions           (1) 1,880 MT           (2) 1,147 MT           (3) 366 MT           (4) 0.03 MT
Water Management	IF-EU-140a.1	<ul> <li>(5) mercury (Hg);</li> <li>percentage of each in or near areas of dense population</li> <li>(1) Total water withdrawn</li> <li>(2) Total water consumed, percentage of each in regions with high or extremely high baseline water stress</li> <li>Number of incidents of non-compliance associated with water</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(5) 0.008 MT</li> <li>NOx (3.91%), SO2 (0.42%), PM10 (8.59%), Pb (0.06%), Hg (0.00%)</li> <li>(1) 2,873 thousand cubic meters</li> <li>(2) 2,873 thousand cubic meters</li> <li>100.0%</li> </ul>
	IF-EU-140a.3	quantity and/or quality permits, standards, and regulations Description of water management risks and discussion of strategies and practices to mitigate those risks	See page 22 of our Corporate Sustainability Report We have a long and successful track record of environmental leadership and innovation in our utility operations, starting with our pioneering efforts in 1969, when we introduced the first use of industrial air-cooled condensers in the western hemisphere at our energy complex in Wyoming. Using air-cooled condensing technology saves billions of gallons of water per year in this arid region with limited water resources.
			The U.S. Energy Information Agency lists that the average conventional coal power plant using water to cool the boilers consumes 78 gal/kwh. Black Hills Energy's water consumption rate at its coal-fired power plants using the air-cooled condensing technology consumes 0.097 gal/kwh resulting in an annual water savings of nearly 250 billion gallons. This provides cost benefits by not having to manage and discharge significant amounts of processed water to the environment and leaves this natural resource in place.
			Our natural gas combustion turbine fleet uses minimal amounts of water, and we have implemented additional innovative and protective water management measures. At the Pueblo Airport Generating Station, we manage wastewater with an evaporation pond. Rather than treat and discharge treated water to the Arkansas River, pollutants in the water settle out in the pond and evaporate in the atmosphere, returning our wastewater to the Earth's natural water cycle form.
			At the Cheyenne Prairie Generating Station, discharge water is sent to the City's wastewater treatment plant. This plant is located adjacent to our generation facility and requires adherence to stringent water limits set in the Industrial Pretreatment Water discharge permit issued to us. The discharge water goes through further treatment at the wastewater treatment plant before it is discharged to Crow Creek for downstream use.
Coal Ash Management	IF-EU-150a.1	<ul> <li>(1) Amount of coal combustion products (CCPs) generated,</li> <li>(2) percentage recycled</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(1) 114,81/ metric tons</li> <li>(2) 0%. All coal ash is used for back fill in reclamation; however, according to SASB guidance, this process does not meet the definition</li> </ul>
	IF-EU-150a.2	Description of coal combustion products (CCPs) management	0 impoundments
		policies and procedures for active and inactive operations	
Energy Affordability	IF-EU-240a.1	Average retail electric rate for (USD/kWh): (1) residential,	Colorado: (1) \$0.1742
		<ul><li>(2) commercial, and</li><li>(3) industrial customers</li></ul>	(2) \$0.1244 (3) \$0.1086
			South Dakota: (1) \$0.1367 (2) \$0.1246 (3) \$0.0851
	IF-EU-240a.2	Typical monthly electric bill for residential customers for:	Wyoming: (1) \$0.1588 (2) \$0.1245 (3) \$0.0665 Colorado:
		<ul><li>(1) 500 kWh and</li><li>(2) 1,000 kWh of electricity delivered per month</li></ul>	(1) \$94.14 (2) \$194.06
			South Dakota: (1) \$77.34
			(2) \$142.68
			Wyoming: (1) \$81.26
	IF-EU-240a.3	(1) Number of residential customer electric disconnections for	(2) \$146.02 (1) Colorado: 2,055 (2) 70%
		(2) percentage reconnected within 30	(1) South Dakota: 852
			(2) 71%
			(1) Wyoming: 501 (2) 73%
	IF-EU-240a.4	electricity, including the economic conditions of the service territory	See 10-K Report, Item 1A. Risk Factors. We offer a variety of programs to help our customers, including budget billing, energy efficiency programs and energy assistance.
Workforce Health & Safety	IF-EU-320a.1	(1) Total recordable Incident Rate (TRIR), (2) Fatality Rate, and	See EEI Disclosure and See page 31 of our Corporate Sustainability Report
		(3) near miss frequency rate (NMFR) for (a) direct employees and (b) contract employees	(1) 1.51 (2) 0.0
End-Use Efficiency & Demand	IF-EU-420a.2	Percentage of electric load served by smart grid technology	(3) N/A 99.99%
	IF-EU-420a.3	Customer electricity savings from efficiency measures, by market	See page 21 of our Corporate Sustainability Report Colorado: 17,086,801 kWh South Dakota: 532 686 kWh
Nuclear Safety & Emergency	IF-EU-540a.1	Total number of nuclear power units, broken down by U.S. Nuclear	Wyoming: 2,221,590 kWh N/A
Management	IF-EU-540a.2	Regulatory Commission (NRC) Action Matrix Column Description of efforts to manage nuclear safety and emergency	N/A
Grid Resiliency	IF-EU-550a.1	Number of incidents of non-compliance with physical and/or cybersecurity standards or regulations	In the interest of security and to avoid setting disclosure precedence, this response will be unanswered.
	IF-EU-550a.2	(1) System Average Interruption Duration Index (SAIDI), SAIDI inclusive of major event days, in minutes,	(1) 61.560 Minutes 79.612 Minutes
		(2) System Average Interruption Frequency Index (SAIFI), SAIFI inclusive of major event days, in minutes, (3) Customer Average Interruption Duration Index (CAUDI), and	(2) 1.009 Minutes 1.188 Minutes (3) 61 012 Minutes
		CAIDI inclusive of major event days, in minutes, inclusive of major event days.	67.014 Minutes
Activity Metrics	IF-EU-000.A	Number of: (1) residential,	See Black Hills' 10-K for fiscal year ending Dec 31, 2023 (1) 190,776
		(2) commercial, and (3) industrial customers served; other	(2) 30,491 (3) 1,073 See Black Hills' 10-K for fiscal year ending Doc 21, 2022
	LO-000.B	(1) residential, (2) commercial,	(1) 1,438,500 MWh (2) 2,074,400 MWh
		<ul><li>(3) industrial,</li><li>(4) all other retail customers, and</li></ul>	(3) 2,094,800 MWh (4) 150,900 MWh
	IF-EU-000.C	(5) wholesale customers Length of (1) transmission and (2) distribution lines	(5) 1,317,000 MWh Colorado Electric: (1) 599 miles
			(2) 3,213 miles
			South Dakota Electric: (1) 1,232 miles (2) 2,616 miles
			Wyoming Electric:
			(1) 86 miles (2) 1,360 miles
	IF-EU-000.D	<ul> <li>(1) Total electricity generated,</li> <li>(2) percentage by major energy source, and</li> <li>(3) percentage in regulated markets</li> </ul>	See Black Hills' 10-K for fiscal year ending Dec 31, 2023; For regulated market, see page 12 & 13 of Black Hills' 10-K
		(5) percentage in regulated markets	(1) 2,683,400 MWh (2) 49.8%
			(3) 31.0%
			Natural Gas: (1) 2,021,400 MWh (2) 37.6% (3) 53.3%
			Wind: (1) 678,500 MWh (2) 12.6% (3) 12.2%
			Petroleum: (1) 0 MWh
		Total wholesale electricity successful	(2) 0% (3) 3.5%
	ןוד-ב∪-000.E	Tiotal wholesale electricity purchased	2,210,400 WIWII

## 2023 Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB) Mapping Report Black Hills Energy SUSTAINABILITY DISCLOSURE TOPICS & ACCOUNTING METRICS Gas Utilities & Distributors



Topic Energy Affordability	SASB Code	Accounting Metric Average retail gas rate for	Response Arkansas: (Arkansas customer bills are generated using volumes in CCF)
		<ul> <li>(1) Residential,</li> <li>(2) Commercial,</li> <li>(3) Industrial customers, and</li> </ul>	(1) \$17.22/Mcf (2) \$12.54/Mcf (3) \$7.72/Mcf
		(4) Transportation services only	(4) \$1.29/Mcf
			Colorado: (1) \$12.16/Dth (2) \$11.81/Dth (3) \$8.02/Dth (4) \$1.55/Dth
			lowa: (1) \$13.20/Dth (2) \$10.74/Dth (3) \$8.26/Dth (4) \$0.38/Dth
			Kansas: (1) \$14.38/Dth (2) \$11.44/Dth (3) \$4.16/Dth (4) \$0.46/Dth
			Nebraska: (1) \$15.06/Dth (2) \$12.23/Dth (3) \$6.94/Dth (4) \$1.27/Dth
			Wyoming: (1) \$13.02/Dth (2) \$10.03/Dth (3) \$7.27/Dth (4) \$1.83/Dth
	IF-GU-240a.2	(1) 50 MMBtu and (2) 100 MMBtu of gas delivered per year	(1) \$72.95 (2) \$133.56
			Colorado: (1) \$56.81 (2) \$100.60
			lowa: (1) \$59.64 (2) \$100.94
			Kansas: (1) \$63.38 (2) \$106.74
			Nebraska: (1) \$66.14 (2) \$113.08
			Wyoming: (1) \$60.86
	IF-GU-240a.3	(1) Number of residential customer gas disconnections for	(2) \$101.71 (1) Arkansas: 4,776
		non-payment, (2) percentage reconnected within 30 days	(2) 36% (1) Colorado: 1,035
			(2) 37% (1) Iowa: 2,195
			(2) 29% (1) Kansas: 2 214
			(2) 36%
			(2) 32%
	IE-GU-240a 4	Discussion of impact of external factors on customer affordability of	(1) Wyoming: 1,071 (2) 25% See 10-K Report Item 1A Risk Factors
	11-00-2408.4	gas, including the economic conditions of the service territory	We offer a variety of programs to help our customers, including budget billing, energy efficiency programs and energy assistance. See Billing and payments   Black Hills Energy for more information.
End-Use Efficiency	IF-GU-420a.2	Customer gas savings from efficiency measures by market	Arkansas: 154,303 Dth Colorado: 152,507 Dth Iowa: 21,946 Dth
Integrity of Gas Delivery Infrastructure	IF-GU-540a.1	Number of (1) reportable pipeline incidents, (2) corrective actions received and	Wyoming: 16,942 Dth (1) 0 (2) 0 (3) 0
	IF-GU-540a.2	(3) notices of pipeline safety statutes Percentage of distribution pipeline that is (1) cast or wrought iron and	(1) 0 % (2) 1 00%*
	IF-GU-540a.3	(2) unprotected steel Percentage of gas	<ul> <li>*Percentage reflects distribution mains and services, and includes unknown pipeline material.</li> <li>See our AGA Disclosure</li> <li>(4) 2 2222 (1) 2 222 (1) 2 22 (1) 2 22 (1) 2 2 (1) 2 2 (1) 2 2 (1) 2 2 (1)</li></ul>
		<ul><li>(1) transmission and</li><li>(2) distribution pipelines inspected</li></ul>	<ol> <li>2.22% of transmission system was inspected by in-line inspection methods; 0.026% by pressure testing; and 3.99% by internal/external direct assessment. Natural gas transmission pipeline inspection requirements are based on pipeline proximity to populated areas. Our service area is largely rural, and the ratio of transmission pipeline located in high consequence compared to total system miles is low.</li> <li>(2) 0% of distribution system was inspected by in-line inspection methods (this is not typically performed on the lower pressure</li> </ol>
	IF-GU-540a.4	Description of efforts to manage the integrity of gas delivery	distribution pipelines) See page 19 of our Corporate Sustainability Report
		infrastructure, including risks related to safety and emissions	Our comprehensive, programmatic integrity management program monitors our natural gas pipeline systems and plans upgrades to our pipeline networks to enhance safety, improve system reliability and reduce or eliminate methane emissions. The program assesses risk and prioritizes the replacement and upgrading of pipeline to proactively replace vintage and at-risk materials while achieving our GHG emissions reduction goal. Integrity management involves comprehensive evaluations of all pipelines and aboveground equipment, including direct inspection of pipelines for leaks using state of the art technologies.
			Our GHG emissions reduction strategy includes:
			service line materials, and have committed to replacing all unprotected steel pipe with lower emitting material by 2035.
			released from a damaged natural gas pipeline. By conducting outreach and education, we can help prevent pipeline hits and mitigate emissions.
			Renewable natural gas (RNG): We currently receive RNG from four facilities and are pursuing additional RNG opportunities. RNG, a carbon negative or neutral energy, has the potential to further reduce operational and customer natural gas GHG emissions.
			Expanded leak detection and surveying: By collecting detailed emissions data from our system, we can identify new opportunities for reductions. In addition to our regular system-wide leak surveying, we conduct additional leak surveys of our aboveground natural gas equipment to help determine fugitive emissions from our system. In 2020 we began surveying two additional states. Colorado and
			Nebraska, which joined Arkansas in our surveying program as required by the EPA Greenhouse Gas reporting program. The additional surveys we conducted helped us identify fugitive emissions from our system that otherwise would not have been found as quickly.
Activity Metrics	IF-GU-000.A	Number of: (1) residential, (2) commercial, (3) industrial, and	See Black Hills' 10-K for fiscal year ending Dec 31, 2023 (1) 871,930 (2) 84,917 (3) 2.179
	IF-GU-000.B	(4) transportation customers served Amount of natural gas delivered to (1) residential customers	(4) 157,367 <u>See Black Hills' 10-K for fiscal year ending Dec 31, 2023</u> (1) 60 100 000 Dth
		<ul> <li>(2) commercial customers,</li> <li>(3) industrial customers, and</li> <li>(4) transferred to a third party</li> </ul>	(2) 29,400,000 Dth (3) 5,700,000 Dth (4) 159,800,000 Dth
	IF-GU-000.C	Length of gas (1) transmission and (2) distribution pipelines	Arkansas (1) 875 miles (2) 5,317 miles
			Colorado (1) 152 miles (2) 7,290 miles
			lowa (1) 173 miles (2) 2,938 miles
			Kansas (1) 339 miles (2) 3,096 miles
			Nebraska (1) 1,313 miles (2) 8,658 miles
			Wyoming (1) 1,201 miles (2) 3,618 miles